

# Scotland's Census 2022

## Methods and Outputs Update

June 2023



**Scotland's Census**

Shaping our future

A' dealbhadh ar n-àm ri teachd

# **This presentation will cover**

- Communicating our updated methods
- Quality assurance of LA census outputs
- Census outputs plans and consultation results

# Communicating our updated methods

# Towards First Outputs

First outputs are planned for publication in Autumn 2023 and will include:

- Population by 5-year age group and sex at Local Authority and Scotland levels
- Population density
- Household numbers

# Towards First Outputs

01

Collection

02

Coding

03

Cleaning

04

Completing

05

Cross-validation

# Confidence in Statistics



NRS will demonstrate confidence in first outputs from the census in three ways:

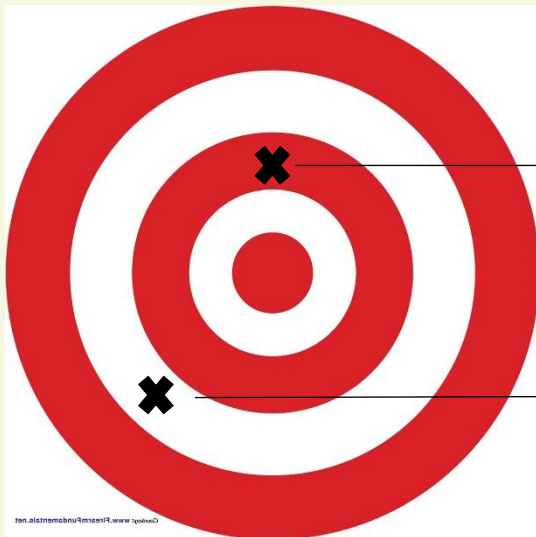
- National Statistics accreditation
- Sound statistical methods
- Coherence with other published statistics and data

# Change in Estimation Approach

Objective



Objective is to have to have estimates for the whole population, counted once and in the right place

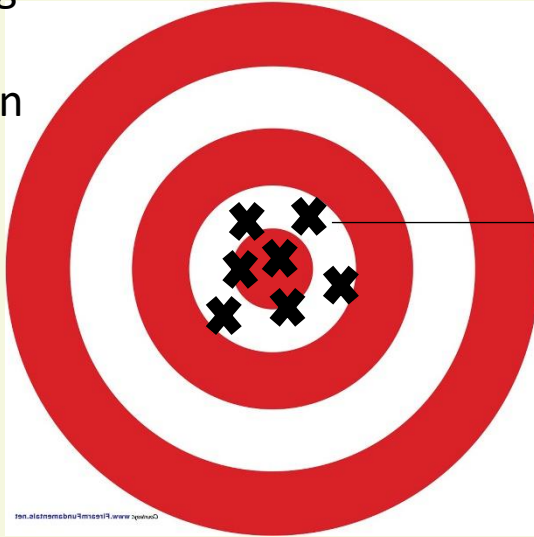


We set a target of 94% returns but as with 2001 and 2011 had statistical methods for getting to 100%

We actually achieved slightly less than this

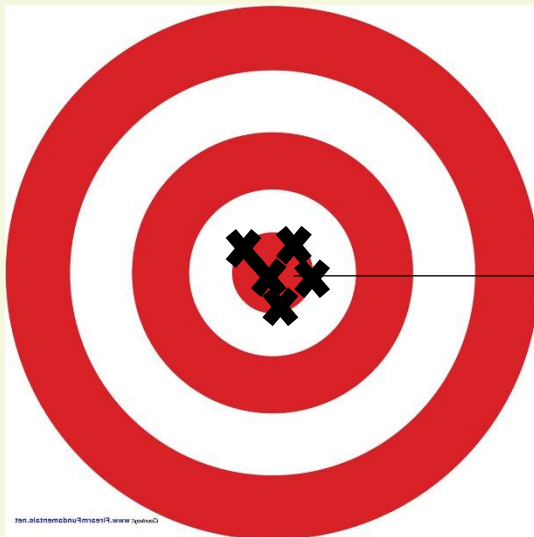
# Change in Estimation Approach

Estimating  
Total  
Population



Our statistical methods use a [Census Coverage Survey](#) to produce final estimates

We can still produce estimates based on what we collected but there is a greater risk that this estimate (one of these marks) is further away from the actual population



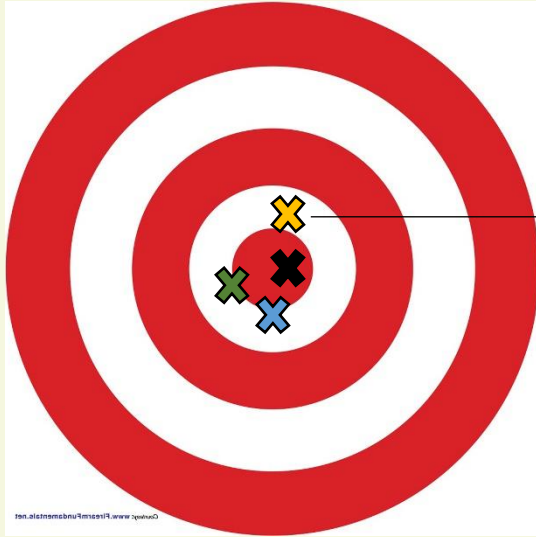
We are going one step further than planned to give us greater confidence in the estimates (one of the marks shown)

By supplementing the [Census Coverage Survey](#) with [Administrative Data](#) we can be more confident about the estimates



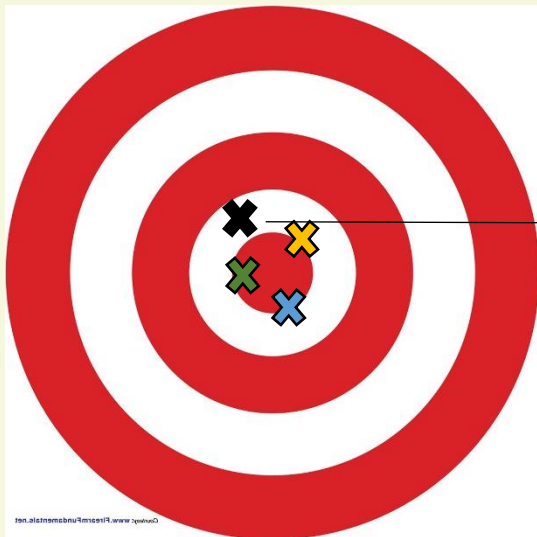
# Change in Estimation Approach

Validating  
Estimates



We always planned to do a validation/quality assurance of the estimates

Comparing our estimates to other data and statistics we'll get a good sense of whether we need to do further investigation or modelling



If we did find our estimates were out of line with other data we have plans in place to change our approach

We do know that there isn't an alternative source that is a perfect estimate of the population – that's why we do a census

# Method Development - International Steering Group (ISG)

The [ISG](#) was established by the Registrar General for Scotland and is chaired by Professor James Brown, University of Technology Sydney

- International experts have helped shape methodology changes
- Notes of meetings are published on NRS website
- Methodology update published in June

# Decisions on Changes to Approach

1. Use of a Logistic Regression Model
2. Supplementing CCS with Administrative Data
3. Selection of Administrative Data to Use
4. Use of Administrative Data for Communal Establishments
5. Alternative Household Estimate for Bias Adjustment and QA

# Keeping Stakeholders Informed

Three phases:

- a. Ahead of first outputs
- b. At first outputs
- c. After first outputs

# First Outputs Engagement

## Ahead

- [Output consultation findings](#)
- [Methodology update](#)
- Webinars, meetings and direct comms
- Local Authority QA

## At

- Quality information
- Statistical publication

## After

- Further quality information
- Direct user engagement where needed
- Potential additional webinars

# Quality Assurance

# Quality Assurance Approach

To have confidence in our statistics we undertake:

**Quality Assurance** at every step of processing to ensure we haven't introduced error

**Validation** of final census estimates against other data and statistics

# Quality Assurance Approach

Planned quality assurance and validation activity will give us confidence in estimates produced using our updated methods:

## Quality Assurance:

[Statistical quality assurance | Scotland's Census \(scotlandscensus.gov.uk\)](https://scotlandscensus.gov.uk/statistical-quality-assurance)

## Validation:

[Statistical Quality Assurance - Validation of Population Estimates methodology paper | Scotland's Census \(scotlandscensus.gov.uk\)](https://scotlandscensus.gov.uk/statistical-quality-assurance-validation-of-population-estimates-methodology-paper)



# Additional quality assurance

- Additional QA steps have been taken to have confidence in the administrative data we are using.
- Manual review of automated links
- Analysed administrative data links at an aggregate level to check for unusual patterns e.g. by geographic area

# Validation of population estimates

- Coherence with other statistics and data helps us consider where we may need to revise estimation
- Validating across a range of sources as there is no perfect comparator source
- Sources used include:
  - Mid-Year Population Estimates
  - 2011 Census
  - Scottish School Census
  - National Health Service Central Register
  - Council Tax
  - Alternative data Based Population Estimates

# Local authority QA

- We will also share census estimates with local authority representatives for QA purposes.
- Under Code of Practice we can share pre-publication data for QA.
- Local intelligence will help guide our QA
- We will consider any evidence provided on this and decide whether to take further action

# Confidence in Statistics



NRS will demonstrate confidence in first outputs from the census in three ways:

- National Statistics accreditation
- Sound statistical methods
- Coherence with other published statistics and data

# Outputs plans and consultation results

# Summary

## The consultation exercise was successful

- Good number and spread of stakeholders responding
- Healthy response on all aspects – products, sequencing, new questions, etc.

## Positive user response to our outputs plans

- Feedback was generally positive and constructive
- Some technical changes required to certain outputs but no major changes to our overall approach

## Stakeholder engagement will continue throughout the year

- We published a [report on the consultation findings](#)
- Findings will feed into updated [outputs plans](#)
- We will continue targeted engagement with stakeholders and data users

# Why we ran the outputs consultation

The outputs consultation allowed us to gather users' views on our plans for publishing census outputs. This helps us ensure that the outputs we publish will meet users' needs. By doing this we will maximise the use and value of the census.

The consultation covered several aspects of our plans for publishing census data. We asked users to give us their views on:

- the order and sequencing of topics published
- the tools we use to publish data
- the geographical levels that data are published at
- how changes to census questions impact users' planned work/research
- what users need from the new census questions

# What we published

As part of the consultation we published details on our plans for publish census outputs:

- Content on the website detailing our plans and key decisions made
- Spreadsheets containing information on:
  - The tables we plan to publish
  - The classifications we plan to use for derived variables
  - Information on what population bases and geographies the data will be available for

Alongside the consultation documents we made a survey available to users. This asked users about our plans and users could respond via:

- survey monkey questionnaire or
- completing a word doc and sending to an email address set up for the consultation

**Scotland's Census 2022 - Outputs Consultation - Draft proposals**

This spreadsheet supports the Scotland's Census 2022 Consultation on outputs. This spreadsheet contains information on the following topics (links can be used to navigate to the section)

**Variables**

This tab includes a list of the variables that will be used for Census outputs, what datasets they will be available in for the Flexible Table Builder and links to the classifications. Also included are proposed collapsed classifications. These are included as it may not always be possible to use the full classifications due to statistical disclosure control. We will aim to include as much detail as possible. However, it may be necessary to reduce the detail due to statistical disclosure control. For example, when creating tables at the lowest level of geography. Where it is necessary to use less detailed classifications we will aim to maintain comparability with 2011 census outputs. We are looking for user feedback on whether the list of variables meets user's needs and if there are any requirements regarding the information included in classifications and collapsed classifications.

**Area Overviews**

This section includes details of the statistics that will be made available through the 'Area Overviews' Section of the website. Area overviews will allow users to quickly compare census statistics across the 2001, 2011 and 2022 censuses or against other areas for each of these censuses. We are looking for user feedback on whether the information included in the area overviews meets your needs.

**Workplace and Daytime**

This tab includes the planned tables for the workplace and daytime outputs. We are looking for user feedback on whether or not the list of proposed tables meet your user needs.

**Origin Destination**

This tab includes the planned tables for the origin and destination outputs. We are looking for user feedback on whether or not the list of proposed tables meet your user needs.

**Topic summaries**

This tab includes details on the tables we plan to publish as part of the second phase of our outputs schedule. This is the univariate tables and are the equivalent of the KS and QS tables from 2011. This includes details of the table including the title, population base, the topic it belongs to and the closest 2011 equivalent. We are looking for user feedback on the tables proposed.

**Predefined tables**

This tab includes the list of tables we plan to publish as part of the third phase of our outputs schedule. This is the list of multivariate tables and are equivalent to the DC and LC tables from 2011. This includes details of the table including the title, population base, variables included, the topic it belongs to and the closest 2011 equivalent. Due to the introduction of the Flexible Table Builder we plan to reduce the number of tables in this section. We are looking for user feedback on this list whether the tables proposed alongside the option to build census tables in the Flexible Table Builder will meet their needs.

Variable name	Variable label	2011 variable name
ETHNIC_CAT_P	Ethnic Group	ETHNICID_S
<b>2011 Definition</b>		
Ethnic group classifies people according to their own perceived ethnic group and cultural background.		
<b>Classifications proposed for Table Builder</b>		
Alongside the full classification we have included less detailed 'collapsed' versions of classifications. These are included as it may not always be possible to use the full classifications due to statistical disclosure control. Where we have to use less detailed classifications we will aim to maintain comparability with the 2011 Scotland's Census outputs. If you plan to use this variable and you have any feedback on the collapsed classifications proposed please provide your feedback through the questionnaire. Please note if multiple versions are presented this may be due to different breakdowns used in 2011. If you have any preference on which option should be used please let us know in your feedback.		
<b>Full Classification</b>		<b>Collapsed Option A</b>
1 White Scottish		1 White Scottish
2 Other White British		2 Other White British
3 White Irish		3 Other White
4 Gypsy/ Traveller		4 Gypsy/ Traveller
5 White Polish		5 Asian
6 Roma		6 Other White
7 Showperson		7 Mixed or multiple ethnic group
8 Other White		8 Pakistani, Pakistani Scottish or Pakistani British
9 Mixed or multiple ethnic group		9 Indian, Indian Scottish or Indian British
10 Pakistani, Pakistani Scottish or Pakistani British		10 Bangladeshi, Bangladeshi Scottish or Bangladeshi British
11 Indian, Indian Scottish or Indian British		11 Chinese, Chinese Scottish or Chinese British
12 Bangladeshi, Bangladeshi Scottish or Bangladeshi British		12 Other Asian
13 Chinese, Chinese Scottish or Chinese British		13 African, African Scottish or African British
14 Other Asian		14 Other African
15 African, African Scottish or African British		15 Caribbean, Caribbean Scottish or Caribbean British
		16 Other ethnic group
		17 No code required



# Responses to the consultation

- We received over 140 survey responses to the outputs consultation
- Responses received from users in central and local government, academic institutions, charity organisations and individual responses:

Sector	Number	% of total
No sector, I am responding in a personal capacity	38	28%
Central government	6	4%
Local government	23	17%
Other public body, for example health, transport, emergency services	16	12%
Academic or research	9	7%
Religion or faith	1	1%
Charity and voluntary	19	14%
Commercial	8	6%
Journalist or media	1	1%
Other	13	10%

# What the responses tell us - User quotes

## Outputs Consultation - Reminded by our users how important census statistics are:

*“Given the pandemic, and the pressure on health and social care services, we really, really need a refresh of reliable data so we can understand our communities and what need is out there. We are dealing with some of the most vulnerable people.”*

*“UK Armed Forces veterans first - because the last available demographic survey is very limited in scope and over 8 years old, and the organisation is seeking to expand service offering into new geographies and robust data on needs will transform this decision making process.”*

*“Our preference would be for 'Ethnic group' data to be one of the first to be published. The census is the only comprehensive source for this information and the results are needed for research and analysis.”*

# What the responses tell us – Our plans

We asked users for feedback where there was a notable change to the approach used in 2011. This included:

## **Reducing the number of tables published due to the introduction of the Flexible Table Builder**

71% of respondents had no concerns and were happy with this approach.

## **Our approach to publishing univariate topic tables**

91% of respondents had no concerns with no longer using the KS and QS codes

## **Our approach to publishing multivariate topic tables**

85% of respondents had no concerns with no longer using the DC and LC codes

## **Not producing the Detailed Characteristics (DC) and Local Characteristics (LC) postcode sector geographies previously used in the 2011 census**

81% of users had no concerns with us dropping the DC and LC postcode sector geographies

# Changes we will make

- We aim to publish additional pre-defined tables where we identified a strong user need to do so. We will review requests for additional tables and where appropriate and feasible will add these to our plans for pre-defined tables.
- We aim to publish two versions of some multivariate tables where we identified a user need and it is in line with our statistical disclosure control policy.
- We will investigate further if it is possible to publish origin destination data at more disaggregated levels.
- We will add an additional analytical report to our list covering the health topic. We will continue to work with stakeholders to determine the content of each report and any additional topics which should be covered through these reports.



# Next steps

- We recently published:
  - an [update on our statistical methods](#)
  - a [report on the consultation results](#)
  - an [outputs schedule](#) which will be updated regularly
- We will use the consultation feedback to:
  - help plan census releases
  - finalise the derived variables
  - finalise table layouts and design outputs products
- We will continue to engage with data users to ensure we are meeting their needs – we have set up a survey for feedback on today's session

# Contact



More information:

<https://www.scotlandscensus.gov.uk/>

Contact us using the online form:

<https://www.scotlandscensus.gov.uk/contact-us/>

Or email:

[scotlandscensus@nrscotland.gov.uk](mailto:scotlandscensus@nrscotland.gov.uk)